This includes areas such as: Cargo facilities; loading and unloading vehicle docks; and areas where an aircraft operator, foreign air carrier, or indirect air carrier sorts, stores, stages, consolidates, processes, screens, or transfers cargo.

- (4) Other areas of the airport may be SIDAs.
- (b) Each airport operator required to establish a SIDA must establish and carry out measures to prevent the unauthorized presence and movement of individuals in the SIDA and must do the following:
- (1) Establish and carry out a personnel identification system described under §1542.211.
- (2) Subject each individual to a criminal history records check as described in §1542.209 before authorizing unescorted access to the SIDA.
- (3) Train each individual before granting unescorted access to the SIDA, as required in §1542.213(b).
- (c) An airport operator that is not required to have a complete program under §1542.103(a) is not required to establish a SIDA under this section.

[67 FR 8355, Feb. 22, 2002, as amended at 71 FR 30509, May 26, 2006]

$\S 1542.207$ Access control systems.

- (a) Secured area. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the measures for controlling entry to the secured area required under § 1542.201(b)(1) must—
- (1) Ensure that only those individuals authorized to have unescorted access to the secured area are able to gain entry;
- (2) Ensure that an individual is immediately denied entry to a secured area when that person's access authority for that area is withdrawn; and
- (3) Provide a means to differentiate between individuals authorized to have access to an entire secured area and individuals authorized access to only a particular portion of a secured area.
- (b) Alternative systems. TSA may approve an amendment to a security program that provides alternative measures that provide an overall level of security equal to that which would be provided by the measures described in paragraph (a) of this section.

- (c) Air operations area. The measures for controlling entry to the AOA required under §1542.203(b)(1) must incorporate accountability procedures to maintain their integrity.
- (d) Secondary access media. An airport operator may issue a second access medium to an individual who has unescorted access to secured areas or the AOA, but is temporarily not in possession of the original access medium, if the airport operator follows measures and procedures in the security program that—
- (1) Verifies the authorization of the individual to have unescorted access to secured areas or AOAs;
- (2) Restricts the time period of entry with the second access medium;
- (3) Retrieves the second access medium when expired;
- (4) Deactivates or invalidates the original access medium until the individual returns the second access medium; and
- (5) Provides that any second access media that is also used as identification media meet the criteria of §1542.211(b).

§ 1542.209 Fingerprint-based criminal history records checks (CHRC).

- (a) *Scope.* The following persons are within the scope of this section—
- (1) Each airport operator and airport user.
- (2) Each individual currently having unescorted access to a SIDA, and each individual with authority to authorize others to have unescorted access to a SIDA (referred to as unescorted access authority).
- (3) Each individual seeking unescorted access authority.
- (4) Each airport user and aircraft operator making a certification to an airport operator pursuant to paragraph (n) of this section, or 14 CFR 108.31(n) in effect prior to November 14, 2001 (see 14 CFR Parts 60 to 139 revised as of January 1, 2001). An airport user, for the purposes of this section only, is any person other than an aircraft operator subject to §1544.229 of this chapter making a certification under this section.
- (b) Individuals seeking unescorted access authority. Except as provided in